TOOLBOX TALK #10

Seasonal Depression



Today, we are going to discuss a type of depression that usually occurs during the colder months when daylight hours are shorter - Seasonal Depression, also known as Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD). It affects millions of Americans every year, especially those working in environments like construction, where working outside in varying weather conditions is common. For construction workers, long hours in low light, cold temperatures, and physically demanding jobs can increase the risk of developing seasonal depression.

What is Seasonal Depression

Seasonal Depression is a mood disorder that typically occurs in fall and winter and subsides in spring and summer. It's believed that reduced exposure to sunlight during the shorter winter days disrupts the body's internal clock (circadian rhythm), affects serotonin levels, and lowers vitamin D intake, all contributing to feelings of depression.

Warning Signs of Seasonal Depression

Recognizing the signs of Seasonal Depression in yourself or coworkers can help prevent feelings of depression from worsening. Common symptoms can include:

- Presistent low energy: Always feeling tired, even after a full night's rest.
- Changes in sleep patterns: Oversleeping or struggling to fall asleep.
- **Difficulty concentrating**: Struggling to stay focused on tasks.
- Feelings of hopelessness or sadness: Feeling down most days or losing interest in activities once enjoyed.
- Social withdrawal: Avoiding coworkers or activities, preferring to be alone.
- Irritability: Feeling more impatient or frustrated than usual.

GROUP DISCUSSION:

- 1. Have you noticed changes in your mood or energy levels during the fall and winter months?
- 2. How do these changes affect your work and personal life and what helpful strategies have you used to manage seasonal depression?

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How to Help a Coworker or Yourself

- Check in regularly: If you notice someone acting differently or withdrawing from the group, ask them how they are doing. A simple "How's it going?" can go a long way,
- Offer support: Let your coworkers know that you are there to talk or listen. Sometimes just knowing someone cares can make a big difference.
- Acknowledge your feelings: It's ok to feel down during the colder months. Recognizing that you
 are struggling is the first step toward getting better.
- **Be patient**: If they don't want to talk, don't push them. Let them know you are available whenever they are ready.
- Encourage seeking help: Suggest they talk to a professional, such as a counselor or healthcare
 provider, if symptoms persist. You can also remind them about any Employee Assistance
 Programs (EAP) or additional resources.

Proactive Tips for Managing Seasonal Depression

- **Promote an open environment**: Normalize talking about mental health. Crews that feel comfortable discussing mental health challenges can help reduce the stigma and encourage workers to seek help.
- Maximize natural light exposure: Being exposed to natural sunlight can boost serotonin levels and regulate the body's internal clock, improving overall mood and energy.
- Exercise: Physical activity is a great way to improve mood. Even a short walk during a break can make a difference.
- **Eat healthily**: Eating a balanced diet rich in fruits, vegetables, and whole grains can help maintain energy and stabilize food.
- **Stay connected**: Make time to connect with coworkers, friends, or family members to reduce feelings of loneliness or isolation.

By recognizing the signs, offering support, and being proactive, we can help ourselves and our coworkers navigate the tough winter months. Remember, it's ok to seek help, and small steps like getting outside, exercising, and checking in with coworkers can go a long way toward managing and preventing Seasonal Depression.

988 Lifeline TEAM 1-800-634-7710

Additional resources can be found at www.northcountrycarpenter.org/mental-health